



RMNCAH Factsheet December 2020

Basic indicators

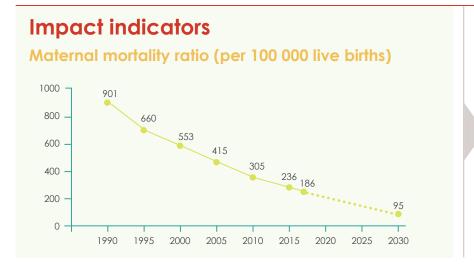
| Demographic | Value | Year of data |
|--|------------|--------------|
| Total population ⁶⁵ | 29 137 000 | 2020 |
| Total under-5 population ⁶⁵ | 2 707 000 | 2020 |
| Total adolescent population (10–19 years) ⁶⁵ | 6 120 000 | 2020 |
| Women in reproductive age group (15–49 years) ⁶⁵ | 9 029 000 | 2020 |
| Annual number of births ⁶¹ | 563 000 | 2019 |
| Total fertility rate (births per woman) ⁴¹ | 2.0 | 2019 |
| Adolescent birth rate (per 1000 women aged 15–19 years) ⁴¹ | 63 | 2019 |
| Births registered (%) ⁴¹ | 77 | 2019 |

Source: 65 World Population Prospects 2020 | 61 United Nations Population Division 2019 | 41 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019

- Under-5 population 9%
- Total adolescent population 21%
- Women in reproductive age group 31%
- Total fertility rate 2.0
- Adolescent birth rate
 63 per 1000 population
- Births registered 77%

| Country profile | Value | Year of data |
|--|-------|--------------|
| GNI (PPP) per capita ⁵³ | 3600 | 2019 |
| Percentage of population below international poverty line ¹⁹ | 15 | 2010 |
| Percentage of population using safely managed sanitation services including a handwashing facility with soap and water ¹¹ | 65 | 2016 |
| Improved sanitation ⁴¹ | 95 | 2019 |
| Handwashing facility with soap and water ⁴¹ | 81 | 2019 |
| Percentage of population using safely managed drinking water services ⁴¹ | 97 | 2019 |

Source: ⁵³World Bank, World Development Indicators 2019 | ¹⁹Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2010 | ¹¹Demographic and Health Survey 2016 | ⁴¹Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019



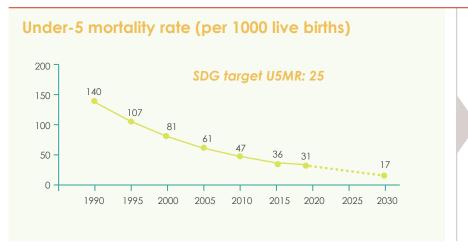
66% reduction in MMR between 2000 and 2017

Source: 48 Trends in maternal mortality 1990 to 2015: estimates by WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division 57 Trends in maternal mortality 2000 to 2017: estimates by WHO, UNICEF, UNFPA, World Bank Group and the United Nations Population Division 7.0% annual rate of reduction between 2010 and 2017 and the assumption that all things will remain as in 2017 considered for calculating the 2030 projection number for maternal mortality ratio



Source: UN Inter-Agency estimates: Levels and Trends in Child Mortality: Report 2020 (UN IGME 2020) 3.8% annual rate of reduction between 1990 and 2019 considered for calculating the 2030 projection number for neonatal mortality rate

66% reduction in neonatal mortality rate between 1990 and 2019

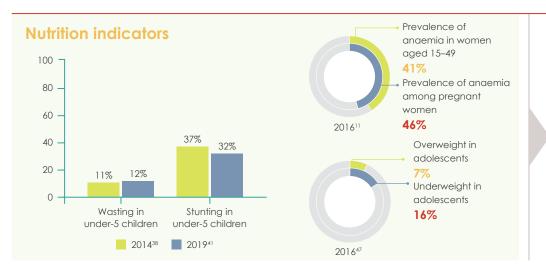


78% reduction in under-5 mortality rate between 1990 and 2019

Source: UN Inter-Agency estimates: Levels and Trends in Child Mortality: Report 2020 (UN IGME 2020) 5.2% annual rate of reduction between 1990 and 2019 considered for calculating the 2030 projection number for under-5 mortality rate

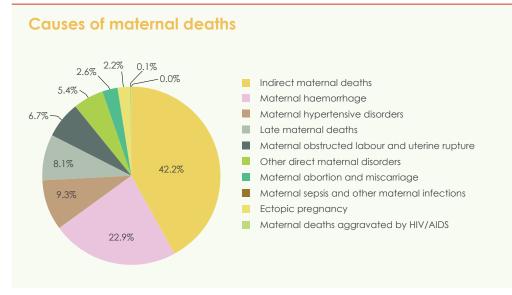
- Stillbirth rate (per 1000 births) is 1760
- Adolescent mortality rate (deaths per 100 000 adolescents) is 760

Source: 60 UN IGME database 2019



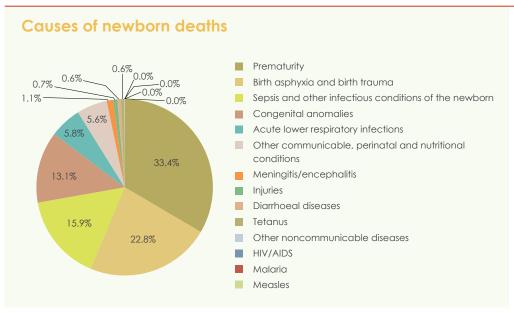
- Prevalence of LBW unchanged from 12% to 12% between 2011 and 2016
- 16% reduction in stunting among under-5 children between 2014 and 2019

Source: ³⁶Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 | ⁷Demographic and Health Survey 2011 | ⁴¹Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019 | ¹¹Demographic and Health Survey 2016 | ⁴⁷The State of the World's Children Reports 2019



 Proportion of direct maternal deaths decreased from 54% to 50% between 2015 and 2019

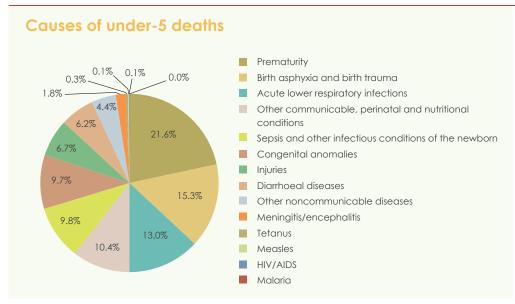
Source: 16Global Burden of Disease study 2019



More than 11 500 newborns died in the first month of life mainly due to:

- prematurity
- birth asphyxia
- infections

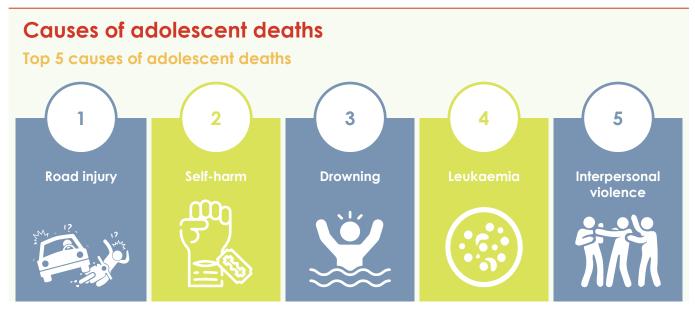
Source: ²⁵Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2017



More than 19 000 under-5 children died, mainly due to:

- newborn causes
- pneumonia and diarrhoea
- injuries

Source: ²⁵Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2017



Source: ²⁴Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2016

RMNCAH policy survey

| Presence of key national policy/guidelines on SRMNCAH at the national level | (Y/N) |
|---|-------|
| On family planning/contraception ⁴⁵ | • |
| On sexually transmitted infections diagnosis, treatment and counselling ⁴⁵ | • |
| On comprehensive national cervical cancer prevention and control ⁴⁵ | • |
| On antenatal care ⁴⁵ | • |
| On childbirth ⁴⁵ | • |
| On postnatal care for mothers and newborns ⁴⁵ | • |
| On management of low birth weight and preterm newborns ⁴⁵ | • |
| On child health and development of children ⁴⁵ | • |
| On early childhood development ⁴⁵ | • |
| On integrated management of childhood illness ⁴⁵ | • |
| On management of childhood pneumonia ⁴⁵ | • |
| On management of childhood diarrhoea ⁴⁵ | • |
| On management of malaria with appropriate recommendations for children ⁴⁵ | • |
| On management of acute malnutrition in children ⁴⁵ | • |
| On adolescent (10–19 years) health issues ⁴⁵ | • |
| Multisectoral plan of action for violence against women ⁴⁵ | • |
| On CAC/post-abortion care ¹⁵ | • |

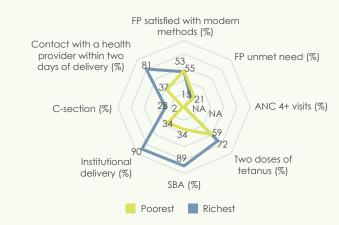
Coverage indicators Sexual, reproductive and maternal health 100 80 58% 60 40 27% 8% 20 0 Percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel received four or more antenatal care visits C-section family Proportion of women who Proportion of women received wo doses of tetanus nstitutional delivery Proportion of women who have postpartum contact with a health provider within two days of delivery need for family planning (total) 15-49 \ 5-49 who Unmet need aged 1 20117 201438 201611 201941

Source: ⁷Demographic and Health Survey 2011 | ³⁸Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 | ¹¹Demographic and Health Survey 2016 | ⁴¹Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019 | ⁴⁶Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2019

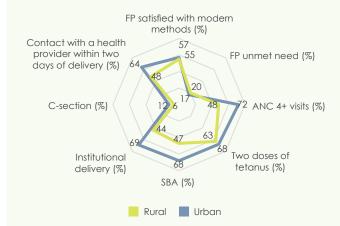
- 30% increase in 4+ ANC visits during last pregnancy between 2014 and 2019
- 12% increase in receiving two doses of tetanus between 2014 and 2019
- Institutional deliveries have increased from 55% to 78% between 2014 and 2019
- 41% increase in deliveries attended by skilled health personnel from 2014 to 2019
- Postpartum contact with a health provider within two days of delivery has increased from 58% to 69% between 2014 and 2019
- 78% increase in C-section between 2014 and 2019
- 10 to 50% women aged 30–49 were screened for cervical cancer⁶⁶

Equity in coverage

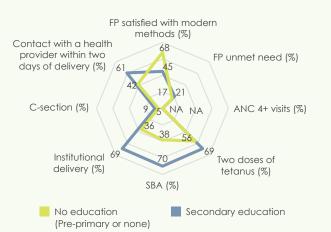
By wealth

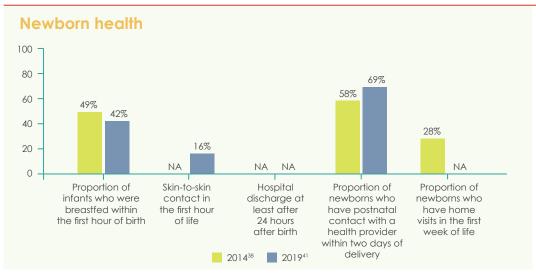


By geography



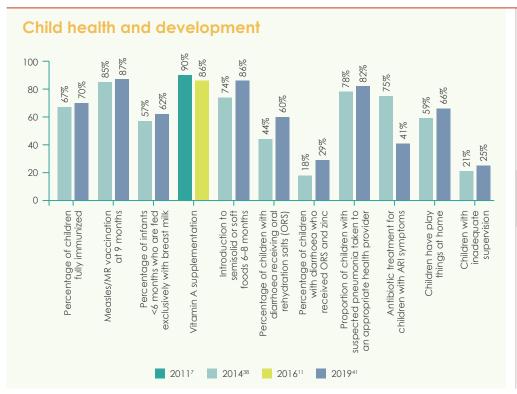
By maternal education





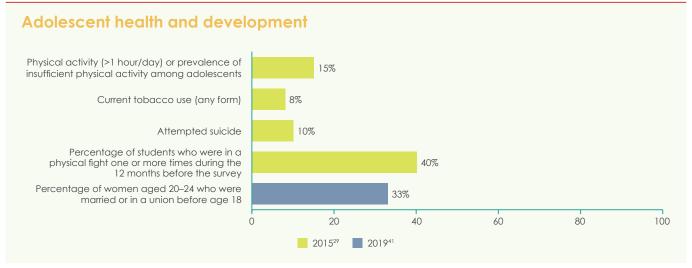
Source: 38 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 | 41 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019

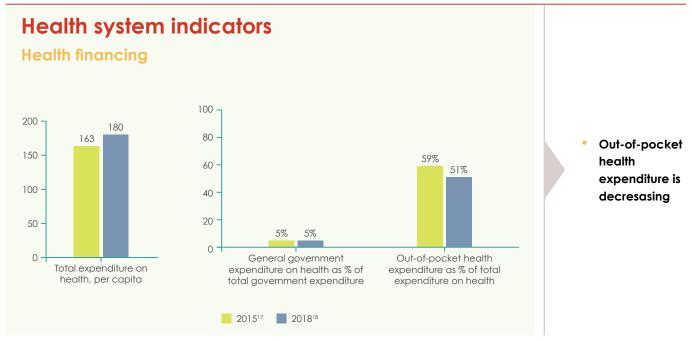
- 16% got skin-to-skin contact in the first hour of life
- 20% increase in postnatal contact with a health provider within two days of delivery between 2014 and 2019



Source: ⁷Demographic and Health Survey 2011 | ³⁸Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2014 ¹¹Demographic and Health Survey 2016 | ⁴¹Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey 2019

- 5% increase in children getting full immunization between 2014 and 2019
- 9% increase in exclusive breastfeeding between 2014 and 2019
- 17% increase in introducing semisolid or soft foods between 2014 and 2019
- 35% increase in receiving ORS between 2014 and 2019
- 59% increase in receiving both ORS and zinc between 2014 and 2019
- 82% pneumonia suspected children taken to appropriate health provider for treatment



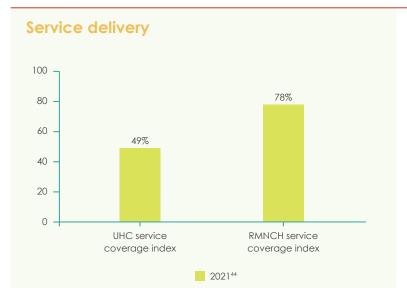


Source: 17 Global Health Expenditure database 2015 | 18 Global Health Expenditure database 2018

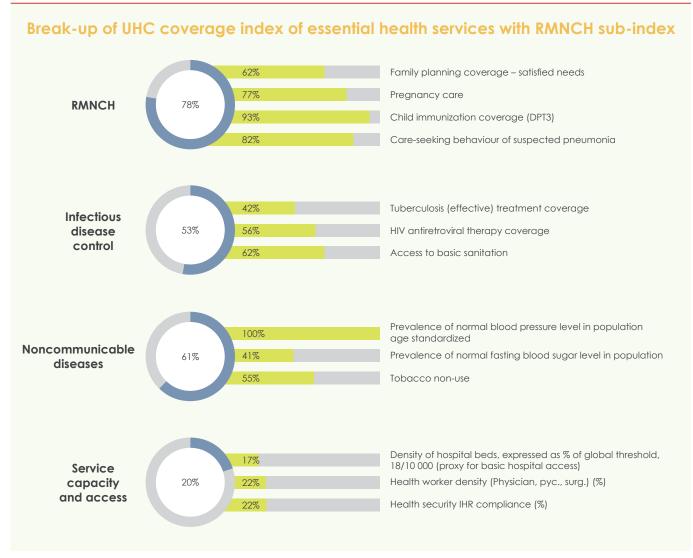
Health workforce

- 26 per 10 000 population availability of doctors, nurses, midwives versus 44.5 per 10 000 recommended in Global Strategy²²
- 31 per 10 000 population availability of midwives and nurses versus 18 per 10 000 population in the South-East Asia Region⁶⁴

Source: ²²Global Health Observatory - World Health Organization 2014 | ⁶⁴World Health Statistics 2020



Source: "Provisional calculation (2021) based on available data in DHS/MICS 2012–2019; Step surveys & Nationally reported data



Source: "Provisional calculation (2021) based on available data in DHS/MICS 2012–2019; Step surveys & Nationally reported data